



Self-certification (Dichiarazione sostitutiva di certificazioni)
(according to art. 46 of D.P.R. n. 445/2000)

I, the undersigned (Name) _____ (Surname) _____

Place of birth (Town/State) _____

Date of birth (dd/mm/yy) _____

Nationality _____

Gender _____

Permanent residence address (number/street/town/postal code/Country)

Email address: _____

aware of the consequences of making false statements, falsehood of acts and use of false facts, punishable by law according to art. 76 D.P.R. n. 445/2000 and art. 496 of the Italian Penal Code, under my own responsibility

DECLARE

that I hold the qualifications listed below:

(Please specify type of qualification; score obtained; date of award; name of awarding academic institution).

_____ ;

_____ ;

_____ ;

_____ ;

_____ ;

_____ ;

_____ ;

_____ ;

_____ ;

Date

SIGNATURE

_____, li _____

Self-certifications must be signed by the candidate in presence of a public official committed to the receipt of the documentation. If the documentation is sent through post mail or delivered by means of other individuals, self-certifications must be signed by the candidate and accompanied by a photocopy of each face of a valid pictured identity document.

EU citizens can submit self-certifications according to art. 46, 47 and 19 of D.P.R. n. 445/2000.



Extra EU citizens, residing legally in Italy, may provide self-certifications according to art. 46 and 47 of D.P.R. n. 445/2000 (only with reference to situations, personal qualities and facts which can be certified or attested by Italian public bodies).

OFFICIAL CERTIFICATES THAT CAN BE REPLACED BY SELF-CERTIFICATION

According to art. 46 of D.P.R. n. 445/2000, citizens, under their responsibility, are allowed to use self-certification instead of official certifications to provide information about:

- date and place of birth;
- domicile;
- citizenship;
- enjoyment of political rights;
- marital status;
- family membership;
- proof of being alive;
- birth of a child;
- death of a spouse, ancestor or descendant;
- military service status;
- enrolment in associations or lists required by the public administration;
- academic qualifications;
- professional qualifications;
- state and university exams completed;
- postgraduate qualifications;
- other recognised competencies/qualifications;
- training course qualifications;
- refresher course qualifications;
- technical qualifications;
- income or financial status provided for the purpose of obtaining benefits and advantages of whatever type foreseen by specific laws;
- dispensation from specific tax obligations, with an indication of the amount;
- tax code or VAT number;
- any information contained in tax register;
- unemployment status;
- pensioner status and category of pension;
- student status;
- housewife status;
- status as legal representative of physical or legal persons, guardian, trustee and similar;
- membership in social groups or associations of whatever type;
- fulfilment or not of military obligations;
- lack of criminal record;
- status of dependency on someone;
- all the information directly known by the person concerned which figure in the public register of births, marriages and deaths.