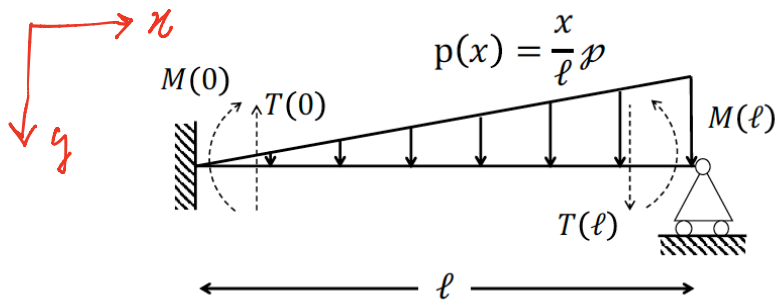


ESERCIZIO SU TRAVE E-B



$$v^{(4)}(x) = \frac{p(x)}{EI} = \frac{P}{EI l} x \quad (*)$$

$$(1) \quad v(0) = 0 \quad (2) \quad v'(0) = 0$$

$$(3) \quad v(l) = 0 \quad (4) \quad M(l) = 0 \Rightarrow v''(l) = 0$$

$$(*) \quad v^{(4)}(x) = \frac{P}{2EI l} x^2 + C_1$$

$$v''(x) = \frac{P}{6EI l} x^3 + C_1 x + C_2$$

$$v'(x) = \frac{P}{24EI l} x^4 + \frac{C_1}{2} x^2 + C_2 x + C_3$$

$$v(x) = \frac{P}{120EI l} x^5 + \frac{C_1}{6} x^3 + \frac{C_2}{2} x^2 + C_3 x + C_4$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad v(0) = 0 \Rightarrow C_4 = 0$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad v'(0) = 0 \Rightarrow C_3 = 0$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad v(l) = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{P l^5}{120 E J l} + \frac{C_1}{6} l^3 + \frac{C_2}{2} l^2 = 0$$

$$\frac{P l^2}{60 E J} + \frac{C_1 l}{3} + C_2 = 0$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad v''(l) = 0 \Rightarrow v''(x) = \frac{P}{6 E J l} x^3 + C_1 x + C_2$$

$$\frac{P l^3}{6 E J l} + C_1 l + C_2 = 0$$

$$C_2 = -C_1 l - \frac{P l^2}{6 E J}$$

$$\frac{P l^2}{60 E J} + \frac{C_1 l}{3} - C_1 l - \frac{P l^2}{6 E J} = 0$$

$$-\frac{2}{3} c_1 l + \frac{pl^2 - 10pl^2}{60EJ} = 0$$

$$\frac{2}{3} c_1 l + \frac{3pl^2}{20EJ} = 0$$

$$c_1 = -\frac{3}{2l} \cdot \frac{3pl^2}{20EJ} = -\frac{9}{40} \frac{pl}{EJ}$$

$$c_2 = -l_1 l - \frac{pl^2}{6EJ} = \frac{9}{40} \frac{pl^2}{EJ} - \frac{pl^2}{6EJ}$$

$$= \frac{27pl^2 - 20pl^2}{120EJ} = \frac{7}{120} \frac{pl^2}{EJ} = c_2$$

$$M(x) = -EJ w''(x)$$

$$T(x) = -EJ w'''(x)$$

$$v''(x) = \frac{P}{6EJl} x^3 + C_1 x + C_2$$

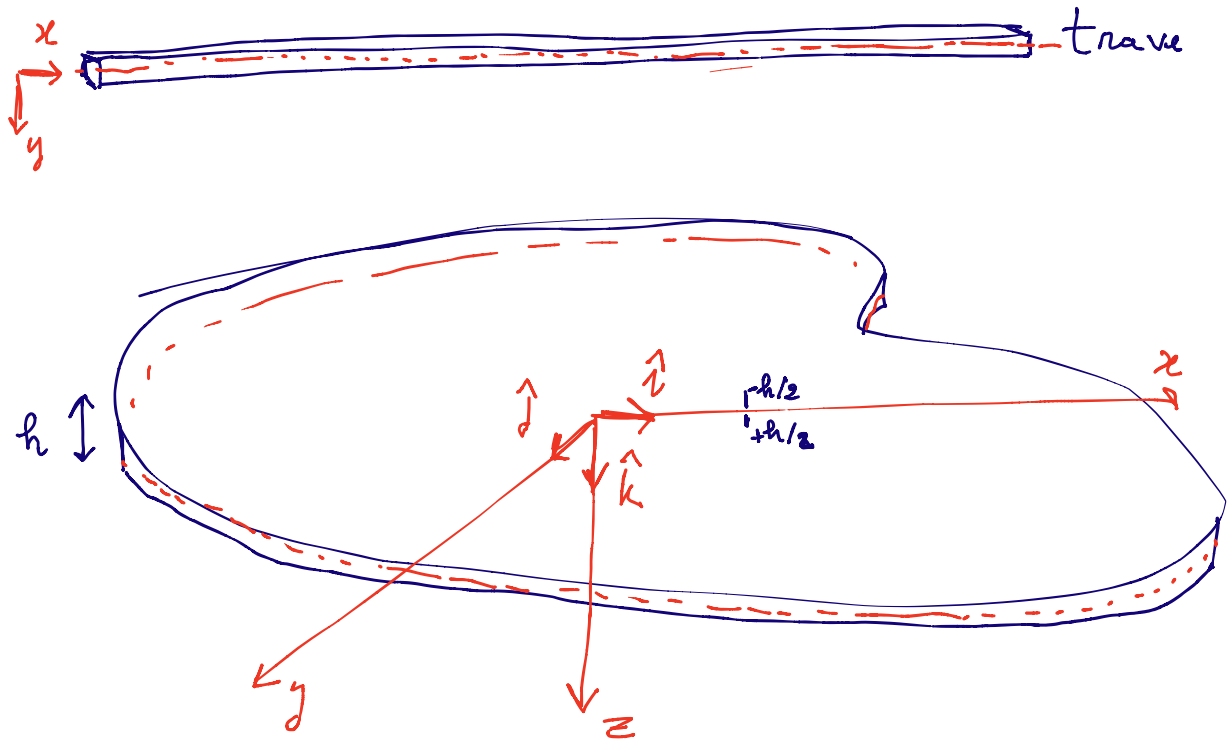
$$= \frac{P}{6EJl} x^3 - \frac{9}{40} \frac{Pl}{EJ} x + \frac{7}{120} \frac{Pl^2}{EJ}$$

$$M(L) = -EJ v''(L)$$

$$= -\frac{Pl^2}{6} + \frac{9}{40} Pl^2 - \frac{7}{120} Pl^2$$

$$= \frac{-20 Pl^2 + 27 Pl^2 - 7 Pl^2}{120} = 0$$

PIASTRE



MODELLO CINEMATICO PER LA PASTRA DI REISSNER-MINDLIN (DEFORMABILE AL TAGLIO)

NOTA SU TRAVE

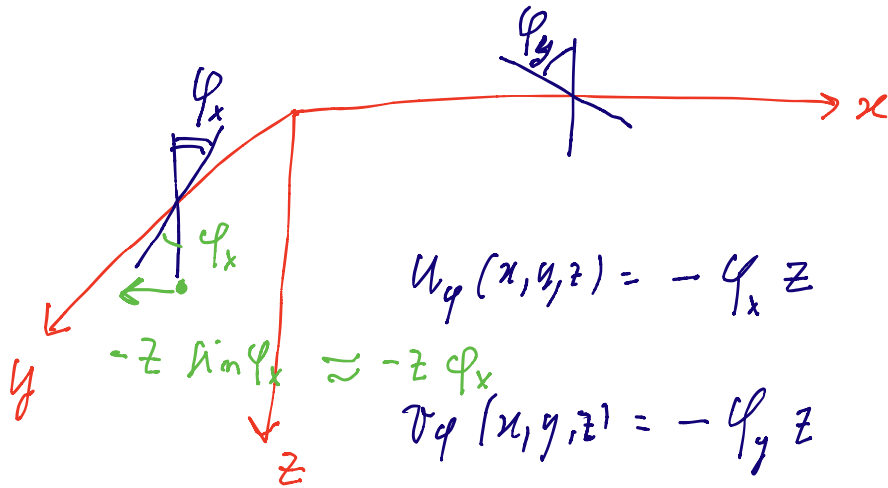
$$S_x = u(x) - y \varphi(x)$$

$$S_y = v(x)$$

$$S_x(x, y, z) = u(x, y) - z \frac{u_\varphi}{\varphi_x(x, y)}$$

$$S_y(x, y, z) = v(x, y) - z \frac{v_\varphi}{\varphi_y(x, y)}$$

$$S_z(x, y, z) = w(x, y) - z \varphi$$



$$u_\varphi(x, y, z) = -\varphi_x z$$

$$v_\varphi(x, y, z) = -\varphi_y z$$

DEFORMAZIONI

$$\varepsilon_z = 0$$

$$s_x(x, y, z) = u(x, y) - z \frac{\varphi_x}{r_\varphi}$$

$$s_y(x, y, z) = v(x, y) - z \frac{\varphi_y}{r_\varphi}$$

$$s_z(x, y, z) = w(x, y) - z \frac{u_\varphi}{r_\varphi}$$

$$\varepsilon_i = \frac{\partial s_i}{\partial x_i}$$

$$\gamma_{ij} = \frac{\partial s_i}{\partial x_j} + \frac{\partial s_j}{\partial x_i}$$

$$\varepsilon_x = \frac{\partial s_x}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} - z \frac{\partial \varphi_x}{\partial x}$$

$$\varepsilon_y = \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} - z \frac{\partial \varphi_y}{\partial y}$$

$$\gamma_{xy} = \frac{\partial s_x}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial s_y}{\partial x} = \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} \right) - z \left(\frac{\partial \varphi_x}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial \varphi_y}{\partial x} \right)$$

$$\gamma_{xz} = \frac{\partial s_x}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial s_z}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} - \varphi_x$$

$$\gamma_{yz} = \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} - \varphi_y$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} S_x \\ S_y \\ S_z \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} u \\ v \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -z & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -z \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} w \\ \varphi_x \\ \varphi_y \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{S}(x, y, z) = \underbrace{n_m}_{\text{membrana}} \vec{u}_m(x, y) + \underbrace{n_f(z)}_{\text{flessionale}} \vec{u}_f(x, y)$$

DEFORMAZIONI GENERALIZZATE

può essere trovata η, χ, t

$$\eta_x = \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} ; \quad \eta_y = \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} ; \quad \eta_{xy} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial v}{\partial x}$$

$$\chi_x = -\frac{\partial \varphi_x}{\partial x} ; \quad \chi_y = -\frac{\partial \varphi_y}{\partial y} ; \quad \chi_{xy} = -\left(\frac{\partial \varphi_x}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial \varphi_y}{\partial x} \right)$$

$$t_x = \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} - \varphi_x ; \quad t_y = \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} - \varphi_y$$

$$\varepsilon_x = \eta_x(x, y) + z \chi_x(x, y)$$

$$\gamma_{xz} = t_x(x, y)$$

$$\varepsilon_y = \eta_y(x, y) + z \chi_y(x, y)$$

$$\gamma_{yz} = t_y(x, y)$$

$$\gamma_{xy} = \eta_{xy}(x, y) + z \chi_{xy}(x, y)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \varepsilon_x \\ \varepsilon_y \\ \gamma_{xy} \\ \gamma_{xz} \\ \gamma_{yz} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \eta_x \\ \eta_y \\ \eta_{xy} \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} z & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & z & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & z & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \chi_x \\ \chi_y \\ \chi_{xy} \\ t_x \\ t_y \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{\varepsilon}(x, y, z) = \underbrace{\underline{b}_m}_{\text{membranele}} \vec{q}_m(x, y) + \underbrace{\underline{b}_f(z)}_{\text{flexionale}} \vec{q}_f(x, y)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \eta_x \\ \eta_y \\ \eta_{xy} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \partial/\partial x & 0 \\ 0 & \partial/\partial y \\ \partial/\partial y & \partial/\partial x \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} u \\ v \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \vec{q}_m = \partial_m(\vec{u}_m)$$

→ $\partial_m(\cdot)$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \chi_x \\ \chi_y \\ \chi_{xy} \\ t_x \\ t_y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -\partial/\partial x & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -\partial/\partial y \\ 0 & -\partial/\partial y & -\partial/\partial x \\ \partial/\partial x & -1 & 0 \\ \partial/\partial y & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} w \\ \varphi_x \\ \varphi_y \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \vec{q}_f = \partial_f(\vec{u}_f)$$

→ $\partial_f(\cdot)$

PRINCIPIO DEI LAVORI VIRTUALI (1)

↳ Introduzione delle forze generalizzate

LAVORO ESTERNO $\vec{F}(x, y, z) = \begin{pmatrix} F_x \\ F_y \\ F_z \end{pmatrix}$ $\vec{F} \cdot \vec{S}$, $\vec{F}^t \vec{S}$
 $\vec{F}^t = (F_x, F_y, F_z)$

$$\frac{d\mathcal{L}_e}{dA} = \int_{-h/2}^{h/2} \vec{F}^t \delta \vec{S} dz = \left[\int_{-h/2}^{h/2} \vec{F}^t \underline{n}_m dz \right] \cdot \delta \hat{U}_m + \left[\int_{-h/2}^{h/2} \vec{F}^t \underline{n}_f(z) dz \right] \cdot \delta \hat{U}_f$$

$$\vec{S}(x, y, z) = \underline{n}_m \vec{u}_m(x, y) + \underline{n}_f(z) \vec{u}_f(x, y) = \vec{P}_m^t \delta \hat{U}_m + \vec{P}_f^t \delta \hat{U}_f$$

RICORDIAMO CHE:

$$\underline{n}_m = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\underline{n}_f(z) = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -z & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -z \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{F}^t \underline{n}_m = (F_x, F_y, F_z) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = (F_x, F_y)$$

$$\vec{F}^t \underline{n}_f(z) = (F_x, F_y, F_z) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -z & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -z \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = (F_z, -zF_x, -zF_y)$$

$$\vec{P}_m^t = \int_{-h/2}^{h/2} (F_x, F_y) dz \Rightarrow \vec{P}_m = \int_{-h/2}^{h/2} \begin{pmatrix} F_x \\ F_y \end{pmatrix} dz = \begin{pmatrix} n_x \\ n_y \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{P}_f = \int_{-h/2}^{h/2} \begin{pmatrix} F_z \\ -z F_x \\ -z F_y \end{pmatrix} dz = \begin{pmatrix} P \\ m_x \\ m_y \end{pmatrix}$$

$$n_x = \int_{-h/2}^{h/2} F_x dz \quad ; \quad n_y = \int_{-h/2}^{h/2} F_y dz \quad ; \quad P = \int_{-h/2}^{h/2} F_z dz$$

$$m_x = - \int_{-h/2}^{h/2} z F_x dz \quad ; \quad m_y = - \int_{-h/2}^{h/2} z F_y dz$$

LAVORO INTERNO (SFORZI GENERALIZZATI)

$$\vec{\sigma} = \begin{pmatrix} \sigma_x \\ \sigma_y \\ \tau_{xy} \\ \tau_{xz} \\ \tau_{yz} \end{pmatrix} \quad \frac{d\mathcal{L}_i}{dA} = \int_{-h/2}^{h/2} \vec{\sigma}^t \delta \hat{\vec{E}} dz$$

$$\hat{\vec{E}}(x, y, z) = \underbrace{\underline{b}_m}_{\text{membrana}} \hat{\vec{q}}_m(x, y) + \underbrace{\underline{b}_f}_{\text{flessionale}} \hat{\vec{q}}_f(x, y)$$

$$= \left[\int_{-h/2}^{h/2} \vec{\sigma}^t \underline{b}_m dz \right] \cdot \delta \hat{\vec{q}}_m(x, y) + \left[\int_{-h/2}^{h/2} \vec{\sigma}^t \underline{b}_f dz \right] \cdot \delta \hat{\vec{q}}_f(x, y)$$

$$= \vec{Q}_m^t \delta \hat{\vec{q}}_m + \vec{Q}_f^t \delta \hat{\vec{q}}_f$$

$$\vec{Q}_m^t = \int_{-h/2}^{h/2} (\sigma_x, \sigma_y, \tau_{xy}, \tau_{xz}, \tau_{yz}) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} dz = \int_{-h/2}^{h/2} (\sigma_x, \sigma_y, \tau_{xy}) dz$$

$$\vec{Q}_{nm} = \begin{pmatrix} \int_{-h/2}^{h/2} \sigma_x dz \\ \int_{-h/2}^{h/2} \sigma_y dz \\ \int_{-h/2}^{h/2} \tau_{xy} dz \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} N_x \\ N_y \\ N_{xy} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{Q}_f^t = \int_{-h/2}^{h/2} (\sigma_x, \sigma_y, \tau_{xy}, \tau_{xz}, \tau_{yz}) \begin{pmatrix} z & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & z & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & z & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} dz$$

$$= \int_{-h/2}^{h/2} (z \sigma_x, z \sigma_y, z \tau_{xy}, \tau_{xz}, \tau_{yz}) dz = \underbrace{(M_x, M_y, M_{xy})}_{\text{moments}}, \underbrace{(\tau_{xz}, \tau_{yz})}_{\text{shear}}$$